

3 (Sem-5) ECO M 2

2019

## ECONOMICS

( Major )

Paper : 5.2

45

Full Marks : 60

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions

Answer either in English or in Assamese

( For Arts ) .

( Basic Statistics for Economics )

1. Answer the following questions :

$1 \times 7 = 7$

তলৰ প্ৰশ্নসমূহৰ উত্তৰ দিয়া :

(a) If the mean is 5 and the median is 6,  
what is the mode?

যদি মধ্যক 5 আৰু মধ্যমা 6 হয়, বহুলক কিমান ?

(b) What does  $r^2$  signify?

$r^2$ -এ কি অর্থ প্ৰকাশ কৰে ?

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- (c) If  $A$  and  $B$  are mutually exclusive events, what will be the value of  $P(AB)$ ?

$A$  আৰু  $B$  পৰম্পৰা বিহীন ঘটনা হ'লে  $P(AB)$  ৰ মান কি হ'ব ?

- (d) Comment on the following statement : "Correlation coefficient between  $x$  and  $y$  turned out to be 1.02".

তলৰ বিদ্যুতিটোৱ ওপৰত মন্তব্য দিয়া :

" $x$  আৰু  $y$  ৰ সহসম্বন্ধৰ গুণাংকু পোৱা গ'ল 1.02".

- (e) Define coefficient of variation.

বিচৰণ গুণাংকৰ সংজ্ঞা দিয়া।

- (f) What is weighted arithmetic mean?

ভাৰিত সমান্তৰ মধ্যক কি ?

- (g) If the number of observations and arithmetic means (AM) of two series are  $n_1, n_2$  and  $\bar{X}_1, \bar{X}_2$  respectively, then what will be the AM of the combined series?

যদি কোনো দুটা শ্ৰেণীৰ নিৰীক্ষণৰ সংখ্যা আৰু সমান্তৰ মধ্যক ক্ৰমে  $n_1, n_2$  আৰু  $\bar{X}_1, \bar{X}_2$  হয়, তেনেই'লৈ যুক্তিয়া শ্ৰেণীটোৱ সমান্তৰ মধ্যক কি হ'ব ?

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2. Answer the following questions :

2×4=8

তলৰ প্ৰশ্নসমূহৰ উত্তৰ দিয়া :

- (a) The arithmetic mean (AM) of the values of a variable  $X$  is 25. If each value of  $X$  is increased by 5, what will be the new AM?

এটা চলক  $X$  ৰ মানসমূহৰ সমান্তৰ মধ্যক (AM) 25 হয়। যদি  $X$  ৰ প্ৰতিটো মানেই 5 কৈ বড়াই দিয়া হয়, তেন্তে নতুন AM কিমান হ'ব ?

- (b) Define mathematical expectation of a random variable.

এটা যাদুচিকিৎসক চলকৰ গাণিতিক প্ৰত্যাশাৰ সংজ্ঞা দিয়া।

- (c) Prove that the arithmetic mean of two regression coefficients is greater than the correlation coefficient.

প্ৰমাণ কৰা যে দুটা সমান্তৰ গুণাংকৰ সমান্তৰ মধ্যক সহসম্বন্ধৰ গুণাংকতকৈ ভাঙৰ হয়।

- (d) The mean deviation (MD) about mean ( $\bar{X}$ ) of a variable  $X$  is defined by

$$MD = \frac{\sum |X - \bar{X}|}{n}$$

What will happen to MD when  $|X - \bar{X}|$  is replaced by  $(X - \bar{X})$ ?

সংজ্ঞা মতে মধ্যক ( $\bar{X}$ ) ৰ উপায়েৰে এটা চলক  $X$  ৰ গড় বিচলন (MD) হয়।

$$MD = \frac{\sum |X - \bar{X}|}{n}$$

যেতিয়া  $|X - \bar{X}|$  ৰ বদলি  $(X - \bar{X})$  কৰা হয়, তেতিয়া MD ৰ ওপৰত কি ঘটিব ?

( 4 )

3. Answer the following questions (any three) :  $5 \times 3 = 15$

তলব প্রশ্নসমূহের উত্তর দিয়া (যি কোনো তিনটি) :

- (a) Compute mode from the following data :

তলব তথ্যের পরা বহুক গণনা কৰা :

Class Interval : 0-10 10-20 20-30 30-40 40-50

শ্রেণী বিভাজন

Frequency	2	17	20	15	6	$\sum f = 50$
বাবংবাৰতা						

- (b) Compute the 3rd quartile from the following distribution :

তলব বাবংবাৰতা বিভাজনের পরা তৃতীয়ক গণনা কৰা :

Marks : 0-15 15-30 30-45 45-60 60 & above

নম্বৰ						75
No. of students	4	9	14	8	5	

ছাত্র সংখ্যা

(c) Given

দিয়া হৈছে

No. of Accidents	No. of Days
দুর্ঘটনার সংখ্যা	দিনৰ সংখ্যা
0	46
1	?
2	?
3	25
4	10
5	5
Total = 200	

If the mean is 1.46, calculate the missing frequencies.

যদি মধ্যক 1.46 হয়, তেন্তে হেকৰা বাবংবাৰতা গণনা কৰা।

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(Continued)

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- (d) Prove that Karl Pearson's correlation coefficient ( $r$ ) is independent of the change of origin and scale.

প্ৰমাণ কৰা যে কাৰ্ল পিৰেৱচনৰ সহসমূহকৰ শুণোক (r) মূল আৰু সামগ্ৰীৰ পৰিৱৰ্তনৰ পৰা মুক্ত।

- (e) If two coins are tossed, find the expectation and the variance of the number of heads.

দুটা মূজা উৎকেপ কৰি পোৱা মুঝৰ সংখ্যাৰ গাণিতিক প্ৰত্যাশা আৰু প্ৰসৰণ উলিওৱা।

4. Answer the following questions :  $10 \times 3 = 30$

তলব প্রশ্নসমূহের উত্তর দিয়া :

(a) Either / ইথা

- (i) The arithmetic mean and standard deviation of series of 20 items were calculated by a boy as 20 and 5 respectively. But while calculating them, an item 13 was misread as 30. Find the correct arithmetic mean and standard deviation.

এজন ল'বাই 20টা সামগ্ৰীৰ সমষ্টিৰ মধ্য আৰু মানক বিচলন গণনা কৰোতে পালে কৰ্ত্তাৰয়ে 20 আৰু 5, কিন্তু গণনা কৰোতে ভুলকৰে এটা সামগ্ৰীৰ কেন্দ্ৰত বৰ্তমান 13 ৰ ঠাইত 30 হ'ল। শুল্ক সমষ্টিৰ মধ্য আৰু শুল্ক মানক বিচলন উলিওৱা।

- (ii) Write the characteristics of a good measure of central tendency.

আদৰ্শ কেন্দ্ৰীয় প্ৰত্যক্ষিক মাপ বা জোৰৰ বৈশিষ্ট্যসমূহ লিখা।

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( Turn Over )

POCO

SHOT ON POCO F1

( 6 )

Or / অথবা

Explain superiority of standard deviation over the other measures of dispersion. Given below are the yearly profits of some small companies. Calculate standard deviation.

3+7=10

বিচলনৰ আন যাপনেৱতক ঘনক বিচলনৰ প্রতি  
যোগ্যা কৰা। তলত দিব্যেৰ কিছু সূত্ৰ কোম্পনীৰ  
বছৰেকৈ লাভ। তাৰ পৰা ঘনক বিচলন নিষ্ঠাৰ কৰা।

Profit (in '000 ₹)	No. of Companies
লাভ	কোম্পনীৰ সংখ্যা
10-20	6
20-30	8
30-40	11
40-50	14
50-60	19
60-70	16
70-80	13
80-90	9
90-100	4

Either / ইথের

Explain positive and negative correlation with one example each :  
প্রতেকৰে এটোকে উদহৰণ দিতে ধনাখাক আৰ  
ধণাখাক সহস্বৰূ ব্যাখ্যা কৰা:

Calculate Karl Pearson's correlation coefficient from the following data : 4+6=10  
তলৰ তত্ত্ব পৰা কাৰ্ল পিৱেৰচনৰ সহস্বৰূ গুণাঙ  
গণনা কৰা :

X	10	15	18	22	26	30	32	23	0
Y	8	10	12	14	16	20	16	24	

(b)

Or / অথবা

Compute the two regression equations on the basis of the following information :

তলত দিব্যা তথ্যৰ আধাৰত সমাপ্ত্যৰ বেৰা দৃঢ়াল ধণনা  
কৰা :

	X	Y
Mean	40	45
Standard Deviation মূলক বিচলন	10	9

Correlation coefficient between X and Y = 0.5.

Also estimate the values of Y for X = 48 using the appropriate regression equation.

X আৰু Y বৰ সহস্বৰূ গুণাঙ্ক = 0.5. কলাতে  
উপৰ্যুক্ত সমাপ্ত্যৰ বেৰা যাৰহাৰ কৰি X = 48 ব  
বিপৰীতে Y বৰ মেটিয়াটি ঘান উলিওৱা।

Either / ইথের

(c) (i) What is meant by independent events in probability theory?

সঙ্গীৰিতা তত্ত্ব স্বতন্ত্ৰ কৰি বুজা ?

(ii) A problem in statistics is given to three students A, B and C whose chances of solving it are  $\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $\frac{1}{3}$  and  $\frac{1}{4}$

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(Continued)

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( Turn Over )

( 8 )

respectively. If they try independently, what is the probability that at least one student can solve the problem?

3

পরিসংখ্যা বিজ্ঞানৰ এটা প্রশ্ন তিনিজন ছাত্র  $A, B, C$  ক দিয়া হৈছে আৰু সিইতে ইয়াক সমাধান কৰাৰ সম্ভাৱনা দিয়া হৈছে, যথাক্রমে  $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}$  আৰু  $\frac{1}{4}$ . যদি সিইতে স্বতন্ত্ৰভাৱে চেষ্টা কৰে, প্ৰয়োজনীয়তাৰে অন্তি কৰেও এজন ছাত্রই সমাধান কৰাৰ সম্ভাৱনা কি হ'ব ?

(iii) A bag contains 4 green and 6 red balls. 2 balls are drawn at random one by one without replacement. What is the chance a green ball is drawn each time?

5

এটা মোনাত 4 টা সেউজীয়া আৰু 6 টা বল আছে। মোনাটোৰ পৰা পুনঃপ্ৰতিশোধন নকৰাবে এটা এটা কৰি যাদুচিহ্নভাৱে টুনা হ'ল। প্ৰতিবাৰতে একেটা সেউজীয়া বল টুনাৰ সংস্কাৰন কৰিবান ?

Or / অথবা

Define binomial distribution. What are its main features? Comment on the statement :

For a binomial distribution, mean = 7 and variance = 11.

$3+4+3=10$   
বিপদ বণ্টনৰ সংজ্ঞা দিয়া। বিপদ বণ্টনৰ মুখ্য বৈশিষ্ট্যসমূহ কি? এটা বিপদ বণ্টনৰ মধ্যক = 7  
আৰু প্ৰসৰণ = 11 — উভিটোৰ ওপৰত মন্তব্য দিয়া।

## 3 (Sem-5) ECO M 2

2018

### ECONOMICS

( Major )

Paper : 5.2

Full Marks : 60

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions

Answer either in English or in Assamese

( For Arts )

### ( Basic Statistics for Economics )

1. Answer the following questions :  $1 \times 7 = 7$

তলত দিয়া প্রশ্নসমূহের উত্তর দিয়ো :

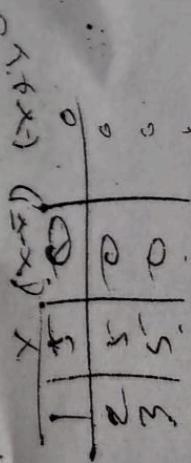
(a) Which measure of central tendency is known as positional average?

কেন্দ্রীয় প্রবণতার ক্ষেত্রে ক্ষেত্রিক ধারণাটি গড় বুলি  
জন্ম যায় ?

(b) What is the SD of the following values?  
তলব মানবোৰৰ ধানক বিচলন কি ?

5, 5, 5, 5

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( Turn Over )

(12)

- (c) State the relationship amongst mean median and mode of a perfect symmetrical frequency distribution.

সম্পূর্ণ সম্পরিষিত বর্গবিহীন রিভজন এবং যথেষ্ট আক বর্গবিহীন মাঝের সম্পর্ক কিমা।

- (d) When are the two lines of regression perpendicular to each other?

সম্পৃষ্ঠ বেশী মূলত কেবিতা প্রমাণ কর হয় ?

- (e) What does  $r^2$  signify?

$r^2$ -এ কি অর্থ প্রকাশ করে ?

- (f) What is partial correlation?

অর্ধপরিক সহস্রসূচী কি ?

- (g) If  $A$  is any event and  $P(A) = 1$ , what will be the nature of the event  $A$ ?

যদি  $A$  এটি যি কোনো ঘটনা আৰু  $P(A) = 1$  হয়, ঘটনা  $A$ -ৰ প্ৰকৃতি কি হ'ব ?

2. Answer the following questions :

তত্ত্ব প্ৰশ্নসমূহ উভয় দিয়া :

- (a) For any two unequal positive numbers  $a$  and  $b$ , prove that  $AM > GM$ .

যুটি যি কোনো ধৰণৰ অসমান সংখ্যা  $a$  আৰু  $b$ -ৰ কাৰণে প্ৰমাণ কৰা যে  $AM > GM$ .

- (b) What is the probability that a non-leap year will contain 53 Sundays?

এটি অলিং ইয়েত 53টা বিহীন থকাৰ সুজনা কিমান ?

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(13)

- (c) If covariance between  $X$  and  $Y$  variables is 42 and the variances of  $X$  and  $Y$  are 16 and 9 respectively, then find the correlation coefficient between  $X$  and  $Y$  ( $r_{XY}$ ).

যদি দুটি চলক  $X$  আৰু  $Y$ ৰ মধ্যে 12 হয় আৰু  $X$  আৰু  $Y$ ৰ প্ৰসৰণ কলম 16 আৰু 9 হয়, তেওঁতে  $X$  আৰু  $Y$ ৰ সহস্রসূচী প্ৰমাণক ( $r_{XY}$ ) উলিঙ্গৰা !

- (d) Show that  $E(c) = c$ , where  $c$  is a constant.

দেখুন্নো যে  $E(c) = c$ , য'ত  $c$  এটা ধৰক।

3. Answer the following questions (any three) :

5x3=15

তত্ত্ব প্ৰশ্নসমূহ উভয় দিয়া (যি কোনো তিনিটি) :

- (a) Compute inter-quartile range from the following data :

তত্ত্ব তথ্য পৰা আউঃচতুৰ্থ পৰিসৰ গ্ৰন্থা কৰা :

Class Interval : 0-10 10-20 20-30 30-40 40-50

ফ্ৰেছি রিজিঞ্চন

Frequency : 2 17 20 15 6

গ্ৰন্থাগত

- (b) In a 5-match One-Day International (ODI) series involving India, two veteran batsmen made the following scores :

( Turn Over )

(145)

ଆବରେ ଅଞ୍ଚ ଲୋକା ଏଲିନିଆ ଆର୍ଟିଃର୍ଜିମ ଶୁଣିବାର ୫୩  
ଶେଳତ ଦ୍ୱୀ ଦ୍ୱାରା ବେଠିଥିଲେ ମଧ୍ୟର କବା ବାନବେଳ  
(scores) ତଥାତ ଦିଯା ହେବାର :

Player ଖେଳୁଟୀ	Score / ରାଶି				
	1st ODI	2nd ODI	3rd ODI	4th ODI	5th ODI
S. Tendulkar	65	120	15	95	25
R. Dravid	46	69	80	65	45

Identify the better batsman and the more consistent batsman in that series.  
ଶୁଣିବାଟୀତ କୋନଙ୍କଣ ବେଠିଥିଲେ ବେହି ତାଙ୍କ ଆବରେ  
କୋନଙ୍କଣ ବେଠିଥିଲେ ବେହି ହିବ ଛିନ୍ନକ କବା ।

(c) Prove that Karl Pearson's correlation coefficient  $r$  lies between -1 and +1, i.e.,

$$-1 \leq r \leq +1$$

ପ୍ରମାଣ କବା ଯେ କାର୍ଲ ପିରୋରନ୍ତର ସହସହଦିବ ଶଣାକ (r)-ର  
-1 ଆବର +1 ର ଡିଭରତ ଥାକେ, ଅର୍ଥାତ୍

$$-1 \leq r \leq +1$$

(d) In a particular case, the coefficient of non-determination involving two variables  $X$  and  $Y$  was found to be 36%. The regression coefficient  $b_{XY}$  was found to be (-2.0). What would be the value of  $b_{YX}$  in that case?

କେବେଳେ ଏଠି ଦିବେଶ ଅବଶ୍ୟକ ଦୂଟି ଚଲକ  $X$  ଆବରେ  
ଅନିର୍ଧାରିତ ଶଣାକ 36% ପୋବା ଗୈଛିଲା । ସମ୍ବନ୍ଧ  
ଶଣାକ  $b_{XY} = -2.0$  ପୋବା ଗୈଛିଲା । ଏହି କେବେଳେ  
ସମ୍ବନ୍ଧର ଆନନ୍ଦଟେ ଶଣାକ  $b_{YX}$ -ଅବର କିମ୍ବା ?

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(Continued)

(55)

(e) In a city, there are 540 shops, some of them are cooperatives, the others are privately owned. The probability that a shop selected randomly is privately owned is 25/27. How many shops in the city are cooperative?

ଏଥର ୬୨୬୨ ୫୪୦ର ଦେବନବ କିଷ୍ଟମନ୍ଦିର ମଧ୍ୟରେ ଆବରେ  
ଆନବେବ ସାହିତ୍ୟ ବାକିଗତ ମାଲିକନାବ । ଯାହିଏତାର  
ଏଥର ଦୋକାନ ଯାଦୁଚିହ୍ନରେ ବିରାଟିଟ ହେବାର ମଧ୍ୟରେ  
25/27 ରେ । ଚରଚନର କିମାନ ସଂରକ୍ଷ  
ମଧ୍ୟରେ ?

4. Answer the following questions : 10x3=30

ତଥାତ ଦିଯା ପ୍ରଶ୍ନମୂଳର ଉତ୍ତର ଦିଯା :

(a) Either / ଯେ

Define median. Compute the median age from the following distribution :

ସଧ୍ୟବାର ସଂଜ୍ଞା ଦିଯା । ଡଲର ସାର୍ବଦେଶୀ ବିଭାଜନର ପାବ୍ୟ  
ବସନ୍ତ ବସ ଗଣନା କବା :

Age Group (in years)	No. of persons ସଧ୍ୟବାର ତାଙ୍କ (ବରତ)	No. of persons କାହିନି ମଧ୍ୟରେ
0-15	7	
15-30	15	
30-45	20	
45-60	13	
60 and above	5	

What difficulty will you face if you are asked to find the arithmetic mean of the above distribution?  
2+6+2=10

( Turn Over )

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( ৬৫ )

ওপৰৰ তথ্যৰ পৰা যদি সময়সূচৰ মধ্যক উজিয়াব দিন  
তুমি কি সমস্যাৰ সমীক্ষণ কৰিব ?

Or / অথবা

What is dispersion? What are its various measures? Compute the mean deviation from mean of the following data :

2+10

বিজ্ঞান মানে কি ? ইয়াৰ বিভিন্ন ক্ষেত্ৰসমূহ কি  
তলৰ তথ্যৰ পৰা মধ্যকৰ সমষ্টত গড় বিচলন  
কৰা :

Marks : 0-10 10-20 20-30 30-40 4  
নম্বৰ  
No. of students : 2 7 9 6

(b) Either / ইথৰ

What is meant by correlation between two variables? What does it measure? From the data given below, find number of pairs of values of  $(X, Y)$  : 2+10

দুটা চলকৰ মাজৰ সমষ্টিসহৰ কি বুজোৱ ? ই কি কেৱল  
তলত দিয়া তথ্যৰ পৰা  $(X, Y)$  বৰ কিমানযোৰ আন আ  
নিশ্চ কৰা :

$r_{XY} = 0.5$ ,  $\Sigma xy = 120$ ,  $\Sigma x^2 = 90$   
standard deviation of  $Y$  series  
( $Y$  শ্ৰেণীৰ মানক বিচলন)  $\sigma_Y = 8$

Where ( $y^*$ )<sup>t</sup>,  $x = X - \bar{X}$ ,  $y = Y - \bar{Y}$

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( ২৭ )

Or / অথবা

Two lines of regression are

$$4x - 5y + 30 = 0$$

$$20x - 9y - 107 = 0$$

দুটাল সমাপ্তদণ্ড দেখা হৈছে

$$4x - 5y + 30 = 0$$

$$20x - 9y - 107 = 0$$

Identify the regression line of  $Y$  on  $X$  and regression line of  $X$  on  $Y$ . Also calculate the correlation coefficient ( $r_{XY}$ ) therefrom.

ইয়াৰ কোনভাবে  $X$ -অৰ ওপৰত ধৰ সমাপ্তদণ্ড আৰু  
কোনভাবে ইয়াৰ ওপৰত  $X$ -অৰ সমাপ্তদণ্ড বেৰা হৈ চিনান্ত  
কৰা। আৰু তাৰ পৰাই সহস্রবাব উণ্঳াক ( $r_{XY}$ ) বৰ  
নিৰ্ণয় কৰা।

Either / ইথৰ

6  
(c) (i) Define :  
সংজ্ঞা দিয়া :

- (1) Random experiment  
যান্ত্ৰিক পৰিক্ৰা  
(2) Sample space  
প্ৰতিদলী সমষ্টি  
(3) Event  
ঘটনা

with the help of one example each.  
প্ৰতোকৰে এটোকৈ উদাহৰণ দৈতে।  
( Turn Over )

/ Contd

( ৮। )

(ii) Let  $A$  and  $B$  be the two possible outcomes of an experiment and suppose

শ্বা  $A$  আৰু  $B$  এটা প্ৰিক্ষাৰ সম্ভাৱ দুটা ঘটনা আৰু ধৰা

$$P(A) = 0.4, \quad P(A \cup B) = 0.7 \text{ and}$$

$$P(B) = p$$

For what value of  $p$ —

$p$  ব'কি শান্তিৰ বাবে—

(1)  $A$  and  $B$  are mutually exclusive;

$A$  আৰু  $B$  প্ৰকল্পৰ বিহীনত ঘটনা হ'ব;

(2)  $A$  and  $B$  are independent?

$A$  আৰু  $B$  স্বত্তে হ'ব?

4

Or / অথবা

Explain Poisson distribution with its probability mass function. Give two practical examples where Poisson distribution can be used. Write three important properties of this distribution.

$$5+2+3=10$$

পৰ্যাচ বণ্টন ইয়াৰ সম্ভাৱিতা তাৰ ফন্সন (p.m.f)-ৰে  
স্মৃতি ব্যাখ্যা কৰা। পৰ্যাচ বণ্টন ব্যৱহাৰ হোৱা দুটা বাস্তুৰ  
নিদৰণ দিয়া। এই বণ্টনৰ তিনিটা প্ৰধান ধৰ্ম লিখা।

(Continued)

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POCO

SHOT ON POCO F1

2017

ECONOMICS  
( Major )

Paper : 5.2

Full Marks : 60

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions.

Answer either in English or in Assamese

( For Arts )

## { Basic Statistics for Economics }

1. Answer the following as directed

তত্ত্ব দিয়াসমূহ নির্দেশ অন্যান্য উভয় দিয়।

[or] The geometric mean of  $\frac{1}{32}$  and  $\frac{8}{25}$  is

$$\sqrt[1 \times 7 = 7]{\frac{1}{32} \times \frac{8}{25}}$$

$$\sqrt[7]{\frac{1}{10}}$$

$$\sqrt[7]{\frac{1}{100}}$$

$$\sqrt[7]{10}$$

$$\sqrt[7]{100}$$

(Choose the correct answer)

(প্ৰদত্ত উভয়টো বাছি উনিষেৱা)

( Turn Over )

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( 2 )

(b)

If the minimum value in a series is 20 and its range is 47, the maximum value of the series is

যদি এটা তথ্যসূরির নিম্নতম বাসিটো 20 আর প্রসাৰ 47 হয়, তেন্তে তথ্যসূরিটোর উচ্চতম বাসিটো ই'ব

~~67~~ 67

(ii) 57

(iii) 48

(iv) None of the above

ওপৰৰ এটোৱ নথ্য

(Choose the correct answer)

(উদ্দ উভয়টো বাছি উলিয়ো)

(c) If  $r$  is the correlation coefficient, then the quantity  $(1 - r^2)$  is called

যদি  $r$  সহসমৰ্থ গুণাংক হয়, তেন্তে পৰিমাণ  $(1 - r^2)$

~~ই'ব~~

coefficient of determination

নির্ধৰণ গুণাংক

~~(iii)~~ coefficient of non-determination

অনিৰ্ধৰণ গুণাংক

(iii) coefficient of alienation

হস্তালিত গুণাংক

(iv) None of the above

ওপৰৰ এটোত নথ্য

(Choose the correct answer)

~~(অদ্য উভয়টো বাছি উলিয়ো)~~

( 3 )

(d) Show that

দেখুন্নো যে

$$(GM)^2 = AM \times HM$$

(e) What is scatter diagram?

প্রকৌশল ছিত্র কি?

(f)  $Z = \frac{X - \mu}{\delta}$  is called \_\_\_\_\_.

$$Z = \frac{X - \mu}{\delta} \text{ এবং } \text{বোলে।}$$

(Fill in the blank)  
(খালী ঠাই পূরণ করা)

(g) Show that

দেখুন্নো যে

$$E(CX) = CE(X)$$

where, C is constant.  
য'ত C এটা ধ্রুবক।

2. Answer the following questions :

তলত দিয়া প্রশ্নসমূহ উভে লিখা :

(a) Prove correlation coefficient is symmetric, i.e.,  $r_{XY} = r_{YX}$ .

প্রমাণ করা সহসম্মত ওগাকে প্রতিসম, i.e.,  
 $r_{XY} = r_{YX}$ .

(b) Define mathematical expectation.  
গণিতিক প্রত্যাশাৰ সংজ্ঞা দিয়া।

( 4 )

ভাবতে অস্থি লোরা এন্দিনীয়া আন্তঃবাণীয় শৃঙ্খলার ৫খন  
খেলত দুই দশক বেটচমেনে সংগ্রহ কৰা বানবোৰ  
(scores) তলত দিয়া ধৰণৰ :

Player খেলুৰে	Score / বান				
	1st ODI	2nd ODI	3rd ODI	4th ODI	5th ODI
S. Tendulkar	65	120	15	95	25
R. Dravid	46	69	80	65	45

Identify the better batsman and the more consistent batsman in that series.

শৃঙ্খলাটোত কোনজন বেটচমেন বেছি ভাল আৰু  
কোনজন বেটচমেন বেছি হিৰ চিনাক্ত কৰা।

- (c) Prove that Karl Pearson's correlation coefficient  $r$  lies between  $-1$  and  $+1$ , i.e.,

$$-1 \leq r \leq +1$$

প্ৰমাণ কৰা যে কাৰ্ল পিয়েৰচনৰ সহসম্বন্ধৰ গুণাংক ( $r$ )-এ $-1$  আৰু  $+1$ ৰ ভিতৰত থাকে, অৰ্থাৎ

$$-1 \leq r \leq +1$$



In a particular case, the coefficient of non-determination involving two variables  $X$  and  $Y$  was found to be 36%. The regression coefficient  $b_{XY}$  was found to be  $(-2.0)$ . What would be the value of  $b_{YX}$  in that case?

কোনো এটা বিশেষ অৱস্থাত দুটা চলক  $X$  আৰু  $Y$ -ৰ অনিৰ্ধাৰণ গুণাংক 36% পোৱা গৈছিল। সমাপ্তিষ্ঠণ গুণাংক  $b_{XY} = -2.0$  পোৱা গৈছিল। এই ক্ষেত্ৰত  
সমাপ্তিষ্ঠণৰ আনটো গুণাংক  $b_{YX}$ -অৰ মান কি হ'ব?

8. An-

তলত

(a)

(b)

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(Continued)

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- (e) In a city, there are 540 shops, some of them are cooperatives, the others are privately owned. The probability that a shop selected randomly is privately owned is  $25/27$ . How many shops in the city are cooperative?

এখন চহৰ 540খন দোকানৰ কিছুসংখ্যক সমবায়ী আৰু  
আনবোৰ ব্যক্তিগত মালিকনাৰ। ব্যক্তিগত মালিকনাৰ  
এখন দোকান যদৃচ্ছিকভাৱে নিৰ্বাচিত হোৱাৰ সন্তাৱনা  
 $25/27$  হয়। চহৰখনৰ কিমান সংখ্যক দোকান  
সমবায়ী ?

4. Answer the following questions :  $10 \times 3 = 30$

তলত দিয়া প্ৰশ্নসমূহৰ উত্তৰ দিয়া :

(a) Either / হয়

Define median. Compute the median  
age from the following distribution :

মধ্যমাৰ সংজ্ঞা দিয়া। তলৰ বাৰংবাৰতা বিভাজনৰ পৰা  
মধ্যমা বয়স গণনা কৰা :

Age Group (in years) বয়সৰ ভাগ (বছৰত)	No. of persons ব্যক্তিৰ সংখ্যা
0-15	7
15-30	15
30-45	20
45-60	13
60 and above	5

What difficulty will you face if you are  
asked to find the arithmetic mean of the  
above distribution?  $2+6+2=10$

( Turn Over )

( 6 )

ওপৰৰ তথ্যৰ পৰা যদি সমান্তর মধ্যক উলিয়াব দিয়া হৈ,  
তুমি কি সমস্যাৰ সম্মুখীন হ'বা ?

Or / অথবা

What is dispersion? What are its various  
measures? Compute the mean deviation  
from mean of the following data :

$2+2+6=10$

বিচলন মানে কি? ইয়াৰ বিভিন্ন জোখসমূহ কি কি?  
তলৰ তথ্যৰ পৰা মধ্যকৰ সহায়ত গড় বিচলন গণনা  
কৰা :

Marks : 0-10 10-20 20-30 30-40 40-50

নম্বৰ

No. of students : 2 7 9 6 4

ছাত্ৰৰ সংখ্যা

(b) Either / হ্য

What is meant by correlation between  
two variables? What does it measure?  
From the data given below, find the  
number of pairs of values of  $(X, Y)$  :

$2+2+6=10$

দুটা চলকৰ মাজৰ সহসম্বন্ধই কি বুজায় ? ই কি জোখে ?  
তলত দিয়া তথ্যৰ পৰা  $(X, Y)$ ৰ কিমানযোৰ মান আছে  
নিৰ্ণয় কৰা :

$$r_{XY} = 0.5, \Sigma xy = 120, \Sigma x^2 = 90$$

standard deviation of Y series

(Y শ্ৰেণীৰ মানক বিচলন)  $\sigma_Y = 8$

Where (য'ত),  $x = X - \bar{X}$ ,  $y = Y - \bar{Y}$ .

(Continued)

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POCO

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( 7 )

Or / অথবা

Two lines of regression are

$$4x - 5y + 30 = 0$$

$$20x - 9y - 107 = 0$$

দুটাল সমাশ্রয়ণ বেখা হৈছে

$$4x - 5y + 30 = 0$$

$$20x - 9y - 107 = 0$$

Identify the regression line of  $Y$  on  $X$   
and regression line of  $X$  on  $Y$ . Also  
calculate the correlation coefficient ( $r_{XY}$ )  
therefrom.

$6+4=10$

ইয়াৰ কোনডাল  $X$ -অৰ ওপৰত  $Y$ ৰ সমাশ্রয়ণ আৰু  
কোনডাল  $Y$ ৰ ওপৰত  $X$ -অৰ সমাশ্রয়ণ বেখা হয় চিনাক্ত  
কৰা। আৰু তাৰ পৰাই সহসম্বন্ধৰ গুণাংক ( $r_{XY}$ ) ৰ মান  
নিৰ্ণয় কৰা।

*Either / হয়*

(c) (i) Define : 6

সংজ্ঞা দিয়া :

(1) Random experiment

যাদৃচ্ছিক পৰীক্ষা

(2) Sample space

প্ৰতিদশী সমষ্টি

(3) Event

�টনা

with the help of one example each.

প্ৰত্যেকবে এটাকৈ উদাহৰণৰ সৈতে।

A9/202

( Turn Over )

POCO

SHOT ON POCO F1

- (c) If covariance between  $X$  and  $Y$  variables is 12 and the variances of  $X$  and  $Y$  are 16 and 9 respectively, then find the correlation coefficient between  $X$  and  $Y$  ( $r_{XY}$ ). { 4 }

যদি দুটা চলক  $X$  আৰু  $Y$ ৰ সহচৰ 12 হয় আৰু  $X$  আৰু  $Y$ ৰ প্ৰসৰণ ক্ৰমে 16 আৰু 9 হয়, তেন্তে  $X$  আৰু  $Y$ ৰ সহসম্বন্ধৰ গুণাংক ( $r_{XY}$ ) উলিওৱা।

- (d) Show that  $E(c) = c$ , where  $c$  is a constant.

দেখুওৱা যে  $E(c) = c$ , য'ত  $c$  এটা ধৰক।

### 3. Answer the following questions (any three) :

$$5 \times 3 = 15$$

তলৰ প্ৰশ্নসমূহৰ উত্তৰ দিয়া (যি কোনো তিনিটা) :

- (a) Compute inter-quartile range from the following data :

তলৰ তথ্যৰ পৰা আন্তঃচতুর্থক পৰিসৰ গণনা কৰা :

*Class Interval : 0-10 10-20 20-30 30-40 40-50*

শ্ৰেণী বিভাজন

*Frequency : 2 17 20 15 6*

বাৰংবাৰতা

- (b) In a 5-match One-Day International POCO (ODI) series involving India, two veteran SHOT ON POCO. Latsinen made the following scores : ( Turn Over )

3 (Sem-5) ECO M 2 (Arts/Sc)

20,16

ECONOMICS

( Major )

Paper : 5.2

Full Marks : 60

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions

( For Arts Stream )

( Basic Statistics for Economics )

1. Answer the following as directed :  $1 \times 7 = 7$

গুরুত্বপূর্ণ নির্দেশ অনুযায়ী উত্তব দিয়া :

(a) What is the SD of the following series?

গুরুত্বপূর্ণ মানক বিচলন কি ?

10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10

(b) What does  $r^2$  signify?

$r^2$  কি ?

( Turn Over )

( 2 )

- (c) It is given that  $P(A) = 0.35$  and  $P(B) = 0.40$ . If the events A and B are independent, calculate  $P(A \cup B)$ .

दिया है P(A) = 0.35 और P(B) = 0.40। यदि A और B दूजे स्तर स्टोना हैं, P(A ∪ B) का मान निर्णय करा।

- (d) If  $u = \frac{X - 55}{10}$  and  $\bar{X} = 59$ , what is the value of  $\bar{u}$ ?

यदि  $u = \frac{X - 55}{10}$  और  $\bar{X} = 59$  है, उसका मान किसीने ?

- (e) Coefficient of determination is defined as

तलव कोनटोक निर्धारण गुणक आख्या दिया है ?

(i)  $r^3$

(ii)  $1 + r^2$

(iii)  $r^2$

(iv) None of the above

तलव एटो नहीं

(Choose the correct answer)

(उत्तर उत्तरतो वाहि उलिओ)

- If the mean is 5 and the median is 6, calculate the mode.

यदि माध्य 5 आक मध्यांकी 6 त्र, वहलक किसीने ?

(Continued )

( 3 )

- (a) Define coefficient of variation.

विचवण उगांकव संज्ञा किसी ?

2. Answer the following questions :

उत्तर दिया प्रश्नसमूहव उत्तर दिक्षा :

- (a) If for two numbers, the AM is 25 and the HM is 9, what is the GM of the series?

यदि दूजे संख्याव समात्वव माध्य 25 आक हवाहक माध्य 9 है, उपोडव माध्य किसीने ?

- (b) For a binomial distribution, mean = 7 and variance = 4. Give your comment.

एटा हिपर बटेनव माध्य = 7 आक प्रस्तुव = 4. तोमाव मत्तव्य किसीने ?

- (c) If the number of observations, means and standard deviations of two series are  $n_1, n_2; \bar{X}_1, \bar{X}_2$  and  $\delta_1, \delta_2$  respectively, then what is the standard deviation of the combined series?

यदि दोनो दूजे श्रेणीव विविक्षणव संख्या, माध्य आक मानक विचवण ज्ञान  $n_1, n_2; \bar{X}_1, \bar{X}_2$  आक  $\delta_1, \delta_2$  हैं, तेनेह'लै युटीया दोनो दूजे वानक विचवण कि है ?

- (d) State the addition theorem of probability for any two events A and B. Rewrite the theorem when A and B are mutually exclusive.

A7/341

( Turn over )

POCO

SHOT ON POCO F1

( 4 )

A আৰু B দুটা ঘটনাৰ বাবে সম্ভাৱিতাৰ যোগসূত্ৰটো  
লিখা। যদি A-আৰু B ঘটনা দুটা পৰম্পৰ বিবৰিত হয়,  
সূত্ৰটো পুনৰ প্ৰতিষ্ঠা কৰা।

3. Answer the following questions (any three) :

$5 \times 3 = 15$

তলব প্ৰশ্নসমূহৰ উত্তৰ লিখা (যি কোনো তিনিটো) :

(a) What according to Professor Yule and Kendall, constitute the characteristics of an ideal measure of central tendency? 5

অধ্যাপক Yule আৰু Kendall ৰ মতে আদৰ্শ কেন্দ্ৰীয় প্ৰণয়নৰ মাপৰ বৈশিষ্ট্যসমূহ কি?

(b) Define the mathematical expectation of a random variable. Show that  $\text{var}(aX) = a^2 \cdot \text{var}(X)$ . -P- 297 3+2=5

এটা যাদৃচিক চলকৰ গাণিতিক প্ৰত্যাশাৰ সংজ্ঞা দিয়া।

দেখুওৱা যে,  $\text{var}(aX) = a^2 \cdot \text{var}(X)$ .

(c) A bag contains 4 black, 5 red and 6 white balls. Three balls are drawn at a time. What is the probability of getting one black, one red and one white ball? 5

একটা কেজড়িতে 4 টো ক'লা, 5 টো লাল আৰু 6 টো বেগা বল  
আছে। মোনাটোৰ পৰা তিনিটা বল যাদৃচিকভাৱে অনা  
হ'ল। বল তিনিটোৰ এটা ক'লা, এটা লাল আৰু এটা বেগা  
হোৱাৰ সম্ভাৱিতা কিমান?

A7/341

( Continued )

( 5 )

(d) The lines of regression of a bivariate population are

$$8X - 10Y + 66 = 0$$

$$40X - 18Y = 214$$

Find the mean values of X and Y.

5

তলত দুটো সমাপ্তৰণ বেৰা দিয়া হৈছে:

$$8X - 10Y + 66 = 0$$

$$40X - 18Y = 214$$

X আৰু Y ৰ গড় মান নিৰ্ণয় কৰা।

(e) Calculate mean and median from the following distribution : 5

Tally marks		Frequency
	নথৰ	বাৰ্বাৰতা
	10-20	4
	20-30	2
	30-40	18
	40-50	22
	50-60	21
	60-70	19
	70-80	10
	80-90	3

1408 - 630

A7/341

১৫১

Time Over

POCO

SHOT ON POCO F1

{ 6 }

4. Answer the following questions (any three) :

$$10 \times 3 = 30$$

তলৰ প্ৰস্তুতিৰ উত্তৰ লিখা (বি লেনে ভিন্নটা) :

- (a) What do you understand by binomial distribution? What are its main features? For a binomial distribution, mean = 7 and variance = 11. Give your comment whether the statement is right or wrong.

$$3+4+3=10$$

বিপদ বণ্টন মানে কি ? বিপদ বণ্টনৰ মুখ্য বৈশিষ্ট্যসমূহ কি ?

এটা বিপদ বণ্টনৰ মাধ্য = 7 আৰু প্ৰসৰণ = 11. উভিটো

শুধুনে অগুৱ, তোমাৰ মতৰ দিবা।

- (b) Define partial correlation. What are the uses and limitations of partial correlation? If  $r_{12} = 0.98$ ,  $r_{13} = 0.94$  and  $r_{23} = 0.92$ , find the partial correlation coefficient between  $X_2$  and  $X_3$ , when  $X_1$  is held constant.

$$6+4=10$$

আংশিক সহস্বৰূপ সংজ্ঞা দিয়া। আংশিক সহস্বৰূপ

ব্যৱহাৰ আৰু সীমাৰক্ষণীয়ৰ কি ? যদি  $r_{12} = 0.98$ ,

$r_{13} = 0.94$  আৰু  $r_{23} = 0.92$  তবে, তেনেহ'লে  $X_2$

আৰু  $X_3$ ৰ মাজৰ আংশিক সহস্বৰূপ গুণাংক কিৰিয় কৰা।

যেতিয়া  $X_1$  ছিৰ থাকে।

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(Continued)

{ 7 }

- (c) Distinguish between absolute and relative measures of dispersion. In what situation relative measures are used? Calculate the value of coefficient of mean deviation (from median) of the following data :  $4+1+5=10$

বিক্ষেপণৰ প্ৰয়োগ আৰু অপোক্ষিক মাপৰ মুজত পৰ্যবেক্ষণ কৰাৰ কথা ? কি পৰিস্থিতিত অপোক্ষিক মাপ ব্যৱহাৰ কৰা হয় ? তলৰ বিভিন্নৰ বাবে মাধ্যৰ পৰা গড় বিচলন গুণাংক নিৰ্ণয় কৰা :

Marks	No. of students	ছত্ৰ-ছাত্ৰীৰ সংখ্যা
		নম্বৰ
10-20	2	
20-30	6	
30-40	12	
40-50	18	
50-60	25	
60-70	20	
70-80	10	
80-90	7	

- (d) Define 'arithmetic mean', 'geometric mean' and 'harmonic mean', and compare their relative advantages and disadvantages.  $6+4=10$

Turn Over

POCO

SHOT ON POCO F1

সমান্তর মাধ্য, গুণোন্তর মাধ্য আৰু হৰাওন মাধ্যৰ সংজ্ঞা  
দিয়া। সিংহত আপেক্ষিক সূবিধা আৰু অসূবিধাৰে তুলনা  
কৰা।

(e) Prove that Spearman's rank correlation coefficient  $\rho$  is given by the formula

$$\rho = 1 - \frac{6 \sum d^2}{n(n^2 - 1)}$$

where  $n$  is the number of pairs and  $d$  is the difference between the pairs of ranks. What are the limits of  $\rho$ ? Interpret the case when  $\rho$  assumes the minimum value.

6+2+2=10

প্ৰমাণ কৰা যে স্পি্যারমেন কোটি সহস্ৰক গুণাংক  $\rho$  ই'ল

$$\rho = 1 - \frac{6 \sum d^2}{n(n^2 - 1)}$$

ইৱাত,

$n$  = ক্রমাংক শ্ৰেণী দুটাৰ প্ৰত্যেকৰে মুঠ ক্ৰমৰ সংখ্যা

$d$  = ক্রমাংক শ্ৰেণী দুটাৰ অনুকূল ক্ৰমৰ পাৰ্থক্য

$\rho$  ব'ল পৰিসৰ কি কি আৰু ইয়াক কেতিয়া নৃনত্য মান বুলি  
ধৰা হ'য়? মূল্যাংকন কৰা।

(f) What do you mean by normal distribution? Write different properties and importance of normal distribution.

2+5+3=10

প্ৰসাৰণা বচ্ছন কৰি বুজা? প্ৰসাৰণা বচ্ছনৰ বিভিন্ন  
বৈশিষ্ট্য আৰু গুৰুত্বৰে লিখা।

Dhananjayam

3 (Sem-5) ECO M 2 (Arts/Sc)

2015

## ECONOMICS

( Major )

Paper : 5:2

Full Marks : 60

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions

( For Arts Stream )

( Basic Statistics for Economics )

Answer the following questions :  $1 \times 4 = 4$

(i) Find the median of the natural numbers 1 to 11.

(ii) If  $\bar{x} = 40$  and  $\sigma_x = 10$ , find the coefficient of variation. 15

(iii) Give an example of discrete random variable.

(iv) A bag contains 3 white and 4 red balls. Find the probability of drawing a red ball.

( Turn Over )

( 2 )

Indicate whether the following statements are True or False :  $1 \times 3 = 3$

- (i) Correlation always signifies a cause and effect relationship between the variables.
- (ii) Both the regression coefficients cannot exceed 1.
- (iii) A normal curve is completely defined by the mean and the standard deviation.

2. Answer the following questions :  $2 \times 4 = 8$

(a) Define mathematical expectation of a random variable. Give one example.

(b) Prove that the arithmetic mean of two regression coefficients is greater than the correlation coefficient.

(c) If  $Q_1 = 142$  and  $Q_3 - Q_1 = 18$ , find the median ( $\text{it is assumed that the distribution is symmetrical about median.)}$

(d) Given  $b_{yx} = -1.4$  and  $b_{xy} = -0.5$ , calculate  $r_{xy}$ .

(Continued)

16/216

( 3 )

Answer the following questions (any three)

$5 \times 3 = 15$

(a)  A random variable  $X$  has the following probability distribution

$X$	-2	-1	0	1	2
$P(X = x)$	$\frac{1}{12}$	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{12}$

Compute  $E(X)$  and  $V(X)$

(b)  The arithmetic mean and standard deviation of a series of 20 items were  $\bar{x} = 20$  cm and 5 cm respectively. But while calculating them, an item 13 was instead as 30. Find the correct AM and SD.

(c)  Prove the Karl Pearson's correlation coefficient  $r$  lies between -1 and +1, i.e.  $-1 \leq r \leq 1$ .

(d)  State the properties of Poisson distribution. Mention one practical situation where such distributions can be used.

(e)  Explain the difference between correlation and regression analysis.

( Turn Over )

16/216

( - 4 - )

4. Answer the following questions (any three)

$10 \times 3 = 30$

- (a) Which measure of central tendency is the best and why? Compute the arithmetic mean from the following data by step deviation method :

Marks	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40
No. of Students	5	10	25	30
Marks	40-50	50-60		
No. of Students	20	10		

Also locate approximate value of the mode graphically.

- 3+4+3
- (b) Explain the term 'regression'. Briefly explain the principle of least squares used for the estimation of linear regression.

The correlation coefficient between two variables  $X$  and  $Y$  is  $r = 0.6$ . If  $\sigma_x = 1.50$ ,  $\sigma_y = 2.00$ ,  $\bar{x} = 10$  and  $\bar{y} = 20$ , find the regression line of  $Y$  on  $X$ .

- 2+5+3  
0.95
- (c) Explain the distinctive features of binomial and normal distribution. If the probability of a defective bolt is 0.2, find (i) the mean and (ii) the standard deviation of defective bolts in a total of 900 bolts.

8+2

- (d) (i) Define classical or a priori probability.

A16/216

(Continued)

POCO

SHOT ON POCO F1

( - 5 - )

- (ii) Let  $A$  and  $B$  be two possible outcomes of an experiment and suppose

$$P(A) = 0.4, \quad P(A \cup B) = 0.7, \\ P(B) = p \text{ and } P(A \cap B) = 0.2.$$

Find the value of  $p$  if

- (1)  $A$  and  $B$  are mutually exclusive  
(2)  $A$  and  $B$  are independent.

- (iii) An urn contains 6 white and 8 red balls. A second urn contains 8 white and 12 red balls. One ball is drawn at random and put into the second urn without noticing its colour. A ball is then drawn at random from the second urn. What is the probability that it is white?

1+(2+2)+5

- (e) Define Spearman's rank correlation coefficient. Calculate Spearman's rank correlation coefficient between advertisement cost and sales from the following data :

Advertisement Cost ('000 ₹)	39	65	62	90	82
Sales (₹ in Lakh)	47	53	58	86	62
Advertisement Cost ('000 ₹)	75	25	98	36	78
Sales (₹ in Lakh)	68	60	91	51	84

Comment on the following :

"The coefficient of correlation  $r = 0.8$  implies that 80% of the variation is explained."

2+6+2

6/216

Turn Over

( - 6 - )

(i) If the two lines of regression are

$$4x - 5y + 30 = 0$$

$$20x - 9y - 107 = 0$$

then which of these is the line of regression of  $x$  on  $y$ ? 6

(ii) Distinguish between absolute dispersion and relative dispersion. 4

3 (Sem-5) ECO M 2 (Arts/Sc)

2014

ECONOMICS

(Major.)

Paper: 5.2

Full Marks : 60

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions

(For Arts Stream)

(Basic Statistics)

1. *a*) Choose the correct answer:  $1 \times 3 = 3$

*i)* If  $x$  and  $y$  are two random variables,  
there can be at most \_\_\_\_\_  
(one / two / three) regression line(s).

*ii)* If  $P(A) = P(B)$ , then the two events  
 $A$  and  $B$  are \_\_\_\_\_ (independent /  
dependent / equally likely).

*iii)* The relation among arithmetic  
mean, geometric mean and  
harmonic mean is \_\_\_\_\_  
( $AM > GM > HM$  /  $AM > HM > GM$  /  
 $AM = HM = GM$  /  $HM > GM > AM$ )

( 2 )

16) State whether the following statements are True or False :  $1 \times 4 =$

(a) The algebraic sum of deviations taken from any central value is always zero.

(b) If each observation of a set is divided by 2, then the mean of the new set will be same as the original mean.

(c) A high degree of correlation means that the cause and effect relationship exists between the two correlated variables.

(d) In a normal distribution, mean = median = mode.

✓ 2. Answer the following questions :  $2 \times 4 = 8$

(a) If the mean is 5 and the median is 6, calculate the mode.

$$\text{Mean} - \text{Mode} = 3(\text{Mean} - \text{Median})$$

(b) It is given that  $P(A) = 0.40$  and  $P(B) = 0.35$ . If the events are independent, calculate  $P(A \cup B)$ .

A15-4000/192 Pz308N/3 (Continued)

( 3 )

✓ What do you understand by mean deviation?

(d) For a distribution, the coefficient of variation is 22.5% and the value of the arithmetic mean is 7.5. Find the value of the standard deviation.

$$\begin{aligned} CV &= 22.5 \\ \frac{SD}{\bar{x}} &= 22.5 \\ SD &= 22.5 \times 7.5 \\ SD &= 169 \\ SD &= 13 \\ SD &= 1.69 \end{aligned}$$

✓ 3. Answer the following questions (any three) :

$$5 \times 3 = 15$$

✓ What do you mean by regression? Why are there two regression lines in case of a bivariate series?  $2+3=5$

(a) A bag contains 3 red, 6 white and 7 blue balls. Two balls are drawn at random. What is the probability that out of 2 balls, one is red and other is blue? 5

(c) Explain why standard deviation is regarded superior to other means of dispersion. 5

(d) Show that Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation is independent of the change of origin and scale of the concerned variables. 5

A15-4000/192

( Turn Over )

POCO

SHOT ON POCO F1

( 4 )

*328 (60) 322 (56)*  
In a test series involving India, Virat Kohli and Rohit Sharma made the following scores :

Players	1st Test		2nd Test		3rd Test	
	1st Innings	2nd Innings	1st Innings	2nd Innings	1st Innings	2nd Innings
Virat Kohli	34	7	26	201	56	12
Rohit Sharma	67	35	42	39	47	51

Identify the better and the more consistent batsman in the series. 5

4 Answer the following questions (any three) :

10×3=30

(a) What are the requisites for an 'ideal' measure of central tendency? Calculate the mean and standard deviation of the following frequency distribution of marks in a class : 4+6=10

Marks	: 0-10 10-20 20-30 30-40 40-50 50-60 60-70
No. of Students	: 4 13 18 30 15 12 8

(b) (i) When are two variables said to be correlated? Distinguish between linear and non-linear correlations.

A15-4000/192

(Continued)

( 5 )

*169 N.B.* (ii) In trying to evaluate the effectiveness in its advertisement expenditure, a firm compiled the following information :

Year	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Advertisement Expenditure (₹ in '000)	12	15	15	23	24	38	42	48
Sales (₹ in lakh)	50	5.6	5.8	7.0	7.2	8.8	9.2	9.5

*169 N.B.* Estimate the regression equation of sales on advertising expenditure. Also estimate the likely sales when advertising expenditure is ₹ 60,000.  $x = 60,000$

$$y = \dots \quad 4+6=10$$

(c) (i) Distinguish between absolute and relative measures of dispersion. In what situation relative measures are used?

(ii) A survey of domestic consumption of electricity gave the following distribution of units consumed :

No. of Units	: Below 100	100-200	200-300	300-400
No. of Consumers	: 9	18	27	32
No. of Units	: 400-500	500-600	600-700	700 and above
No. of Consumers	: 45	38	20	11

*36 u.s.c  
Nithig  
Jagac*

Compute the quartile deviation and its coefficient. 4+6=10

A15-4000/192

( Turn Over )

( 6 )

(d) What do you understand by binomial distribution? What are its main features?

For a binomial distribution, mean = 7

and variance = 11. Give your comment whether the statement is right or wrong.

$$3+4+3=10$$

(e) (i) State and prove the multiplicative law of probability.

P2300 A (B) (ii) For events A and B, if  $P(A) = \frac{1}{4}$ ,  
 $P(B) = \frac{2}{5}$ ,  $P(A \cup B) = \frac{1}{2}$ , then find  
 $P(A \cap B)$  and  $P(B/A)$ .

$$4+6=10$$

(f) What do you mean by normal distribution? Write different properties and importance of normal distribution.

$$2+5+3=10$$

$$P(B/A) = P(B)$$

(A)  
A.R. AKAND

Anisur Rahman Khanid

2013

ECONOMICS

( Major )

Paper : 5.2

Full Marks : 60

Time : 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks  
for the questions

( For Arts Stream )

( Basic Statistics )

- (a) Choose the correct answer from each of  
the following :  $1 \times 3 = 3$

✓ (i) The GM of two numbers 8 and 18

will be

$$G = \sqrt{8 \times 18}$$

(ii) 13

(iii) 15

(iv) 11.08

$$\therefore \left( \frac{8 \times 18}{2} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} = \left( 144 \right)^{\frac{1}{2}} = 12$$

Turn Over

4200/199

POCO

SHOT ON POCO F1

(-2-)

✓ (a) Coefficient of determination is defined as

- (1)  $r^3$
- (2)  $1+r^2$
- (3)  $R^2$
- (4) None of the above

✓ (b) If coefficient of variation of distribution is 50, standard deviation = 20, the value of  $\bar{x}$  is

- (1) 10
- (2) 30
- (3) 40
- (4) 45

$$CV = \frac{S}{\bar{x}} \times 100$$
$$\Rightarrow 50 = \frac{2000}{\bar{x}}$$
$$\Rightarrow 50\bar{x} = 2000$$
$$\Rightarrow \bar{x} = 40$$

✓ (c) Answer the following questions : 1x2=2

✓ (d) What are quartiles? Copy

✓ (e) Define partial correlation. (P)

✓ (f) State whether the following statements are True or False : 1x2=2

✓ (g) The regression lines cut each other at the point of average of  $X$  and  $Y$ .

✓ (h) Dependent events are those in which the outcome of one does not affect and is not affected by the other.

$$b_{xy} = r \frac{s_x}{s_y} = 1.20$$
$$= \frac{1.17}{1.32}$$
$$r = 0.95$$

✓ (i) Answer the following questions :

State the relationship between AM, GM and HM. What is the problem of using AM when there are open-ended class intervals?

✓ (j) If the linear regression coefficient  $b_{yx} = 0.6$  and the variances  $s_x^2$  and  $s_y^2$  are 600 and 300 respectively, calculate Karl Pearson's correlation coefficient and the linear regression coefficient  $b_{xy}$ .

✓ (k) Define mathematical expectation of a random variable. Give one example.

✓ (l) If a random variable  $X$  follows the Poisson pattern such that  $P(X=1) = P(X=2)$ , find the mean of the distribution.

3. Answer the following questions (any three):

5x3=15

✓ (a) Assume that in a particular case, the sample mean is 27.5. What would be the sample mean if the frequencies are doubled?

✓ (b) State the relationship between mean, median and mode. What happens to the relationship in case of a symmetrical distribution?

(Continued.)

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(Turn Over)

( 4 )

(a) Prove that if  $E$  and  $F$  are independent events, then so are the events  $E'$  and  $F'$ . 5/

(b) Briefly explain the method of least squares used in curve fitting. 5/

(c) The mean deviation about mean is given by  $D = \frac{1}{\Sigma f} \sum f |x - \bar{x}|$ , the symbols being with their usual meanings.

If you use  $(x - \bar{x})$  instead of  $|x - \bar{x}|$  in the above expression, what would be the numerical value of the new expression?

In two factories,  $A$  and  $B$ , engaged in the same industry in the area, the average weekly wages and the standard deviations are as follows :

Factory	Average (₹)	SD	No. of employees
A	34.5	5.0	476
B	28.5	4.5	524

- (i) Which factory,  $A$  or  $B$ , pays out a larger amount on weekly wages?  
(ii) Which factory,  $A$  or  $B$ , has greater variability in individual wages? 2+3

(d) A normal curve has  $\bar{X} = 20$  and  $\sigma = 10$ . Find the area between  $X_1 = 15$  and  $X_2 = 40$ . Given  $P(0 \leq Z \leq 0.5) = 0.1915$  and  $P(0 \leq Z \leq 2) = 0.4772$ .

State the conditions required to apply binomial distribution. 3+2

14/

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(Continued)

(6)

equation of  $X$  on  $Y$  and compute the expected value of  $X$  given that  $Y = 14$ .

Given that the regression equations of  $Y$  on  $X$  and of  $X$  on  $Y$  are respectively  $Y = X$  and  $4X - Y = 3$ . Find the correlation coefficient between  $X$  and  $Y$ .

(e) State the addition and multiplication theorems of mathematical expectation.

A random variable assumes the value 1 with probability  $p$ , and 0 with probability  $q = 1 - p$ . Prove that (i)  $E(X) = P$ , (ii)  $E(X' - \bar{X})^2 = pq$ . Distinguish between discrete and continuous random variables. Prove that  $\text{var}(c) = 0$  where  $c$  is constant.

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(f) Consider the table given below :

No. of Accidents	Frequency (Number of Days)
0	46
1	?
2	?
3	25
4	10
5	5
<hr/>	
Total	- 200

If the mean is found to be 1.46, calculate the missing frequencies.

Mention the merits and demerits of mean, median and mode as measures of central tendency.

5+

(5)

Answer the following questions (any three).

(a) What are the requisites for an ideal measure of central tendency? What is quartile deviation? Compute quartile deviation from the following data:  $4+1+5$

Marks ( $x$ )	Frequencies ( $f$ )
10	4
20	7
30	15
40	8
50	7
60	2

(b) State the addition and multiplication theorems of probability.

(c) If  $A \subset B$ , prove that  $P(A) \leq P(B)$ .  $3+2+5$   
The probability that a boy will get a scholarship is 0.9 and that a girl will get is 0.8. What is the probability that at least one of them will get the scholarship?  $3+4+3$

Explain the concept of various probability distributions. State the conditions under which Poisson distribution can be a reasonable approximation of the binomial.  $7+3$

The following set of  $(X, Y)$  are given:

$$(X, Y) : (2, 5), (3, 8), (4, 9), (5, 12), (6, 13)$$

Assuming that regression analysis is valid in this case, fit the regression